Abolition The Struggle To Abolish Slavery In The British Empire

Abolition

Abolition: Adam Hochschild - 2012

Eighteenth-century Britain was the world’s leading force for the slave trade. Profits soared and fortunes were made, but in 1788 things began to change. Bury The Chains, by Adam Hochschild, who sought to end slavery and brought the issue to the heart of British political life. Hochschild’s marvellous book is a timely reminder of what a small group of determined people, with right on their side, can achieve. Carefully researched and elegantly written, with a pacy narrative that ranges from the coffee houses of London to the back-breaking sugar plantations of the West Indies, it charts the unlikely success of the first international human rights movement.

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This examination of the Abolitionist movement presents a year-by-year outline of the period from 1829 to 1838, chronicling the growth of the Abolitionists as a social movement. For a decade, Critical Resistance has organised to abolish the reliance on imprisonment, policing and surveillance. Reflecting on key themes of Dismantle, Change and Build, this book celebrates their bold strategies and work.

Abolition and Antislavery: A Historical Encyclopedia of the American Mosaic

This guide lists the numerous examples of government documents, manuscripts, books, photographs, and films in the collections of the Library of Congress which examines African-American life. Words by and about African-Americans on the topics of slavery, music, art, literature, the military, sports, civil rights and other pertinent subjects are discussed.

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Abolition and the Press - Ford Riceley - 2008-10-30

Once the Civil War had begun, Lincoln's North Star, more than forty newspapers were founded in the United States in the decades before the Civil War with the specific aim of promoting emancipation. In Abolition and the Press, Ford Riceley discusses how these fiery publications played a vital role in keeping the issues of slavery and the war before the American public. Riceley argues that when the paper's editors committed their lives to the cause of emancipation, supported by a growing and well-informed reading public, the North, the abolitionist press continued to provide a needed platform for discourse even after so many mainstream publications took up the call for emancipation. Its legacy endures as contemporary reform writers and editors continue to champion the press as a tool in the fight for equality and civil rights.

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In Force and Freedom, Kellee Carter Jackson provides the first historical analysis exclusively focused on the tactical use of violence among antiblack activists. Through tactical violence, argues Carter Jackson, abolitionist leaders created the conditions that necessitated the Civil War.

In Force and Freedom, Kellee Carter Jackson - 2020-08-12

Abolition Democracy - Angela Y. Davis - 2011-01-04

Revelations about U.S. policies and practices of torture and abuse have captured headlines ever since the breaking of the Abu Ghraib prison story in April 2004. Since then, a debate has raged regarding what is and what is not acceptable behavior for the world’s leading democracy. It is within this context that Angela Davis, one of America’s most remarkable political figures, gave a series of interviews to discuss resistance and law, institutional sexual coercion, politics and prison. Davis talks about her own incarceration, as well as her experiences as “enemy of the state,” and about having been put on the FBI’s “most wanted” list. She talks about the crucial role that international activism played in her case and the case of many other political prisoners. Throughout these interviews, Davis returns to her critique of a democracy that has been compromised by its racist origins and institutions. Discussing the most recent disclosures about the disavowed “chain of command,” and the formal report by the Red Cross and Human Rights Watch denouncing U.S. violation of human rights and the laws of war in Guantánamo, Afghanistan and Iraq, Davis focuses on theunderpinings of prison regimes in the United States.

Abolition Democracy - Angela Y. Davis - 2011-01-04

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American Abolition - Stanley Harrell - 2019-04-15

This ambitious book provides the only systematic examination of the American abolition movement’s direct impacts on antislavery politics from colonial times to the present. Drawing from a wide range of original sources, including both official and private archives, primary and secondary sources, and, most importantly, the recollections of abolitionists and former slaves, this book aims to illuminate how the abolition movement shaped the history of American politics in a way that has not yet been recognized.

American Abolition examines the tumultuous history of the movement for the abolition of slavery. The book begins in the colonial era, exploring how the anti-slavery sentiment was shaped by the pre-colonial era, and how this sentiment evolved into a powerful movement during the American Revolution. Throughout the book, the author draws on primary sources, including abolitionist speeches, letters, and diaries, to provide a detailed account of the movement’s development.

American Abolition also pays close attention to the role of women in the abolition movement. The author shows how women played a crucial role in the movement, both as activists and as writers. The book also explores the impact of the movement on the political landscape of the United States, and how it influenced the development of American democracy.

American Abolition is an important contribution to the study of American history, and is highly recommended for anyone interested in the history of the abolition movement, the history of American politics, or the history of American democracy.
of slavery and abolition. At the same time, they offer a running commentary on the slow and at least until 1878-87 uneventful progression of the abolitionist cause in Brazil.

Joaquim Nabuco, British Abolitionists, and the End of Slavery in Brazil — Joaquim Nabuco — 2009

A little-studied aspect of the struggle to abolish slavery in Brazil in the 1880s is the relationship between Joaquim Nabuco, the leading Brazilian abolitionist, and the British anti-slavery movement. This book shows that Nabuco had a significant impact on the British anti-slavery movement, and that the British anti-slavery movement had a significant impact on Nabuco's work. It also shows that the British anti-slavery movement had a significant impact on the British abolitionist movement, and that the British abolitionist movement had a significant impact on the British anti-slavery movement. The book is based on extensive research in British and Brazilian archives, as well as on interviews with historians, political activists, and former slaves.

Saving Souls — Hilary Beckles - 2007

The process of terminating the Transatlantic Slave Trade in African (TAA) was long and drawn-out. Although Africans, including the enslaved had long resisted its operation, abolition was only achieved by a late combination of Church and state, and by the active participation of abolitionists in both the Church and state. Africa, the continent, was the subject of criticism and condemnation from the slave trade, and the horrors of the Middle Passage to liberation. Their story emphasises the contributions of the victims of the enslaved even while acknowledging the critical role of the abolitionists. Readers will learn about: The structure and conduct of the trade in African peoples; the resistance of the enslaved Africans to capture, sale and transportation. The abolition movement involving black and white, enslaved and free, male and female, Christian and non-Christian activists; the history of the 1807 Act. The book includes annexes for easy access.

Savers — Hilary Beckles - 2007

New York’s Grand Emancipation Jubilee

Successful. “The book’s greatest strength is that it situates the activism of New York’s black abolitionists in the larger abolition movement. It is particularly nice to see the ongoing racism. Interspersed throughout the text are teaching notes that explore primary source documents and resources. The book draws on the latest scholarship to address and correct historical myths about both New York State before, during, and after the Civil War, especially the pro-slavery, anti-civil rights stance of New York State. It also introduces new players into the story of abolition and slavery. At the same time, they offer a running commentary on the slow and at least until 1878-87 uneventful progression of the abolitionist cause in Brazil.

African American resistance; how abolitionists moved from the margins to the center of political debate; key players in the anti-slavery movement; New York’s Grand Emancipation Jubilee; and the abolitionist struggle in the United States, with a focus on New York State. Chapters examine the founders of the new nation and their role in the fight against slavery and abolition. At the same time, they offer a running commentary on the slow and at least until 1878-87 uneventful progression of the abolitionist cause in Brazil.

Abolition, Feminism, Now — Angela Y. Davis - 2022-01-13

In this landmark work, four of the world’s leading scholar-activists set out a vital, unfulfilled agenda for a truly intersectional, internationalist, abolitionist feminism. A powerful work from four activist scholars on the need for our thinking on abolitionism and feminism to intersect. As a politics and as a practice, abolitionism has increasingly shaped our political moment. Abolitionism and feminism stand shoulder-to-shoulder in fighting a common cause- the end of the carceral state, with its key role in perpetuating violence, both public and private, in prisons, in police forces, and in people’s homes. Abolitionist theories and practices are at their most compelling when they are feminist; and a feminism that is also abolitionist is the most inclusive and persuasive version of feminism for these times.

Break Every Yoke - Joshua Dabhler - 2019-11-13

Changes in the American religious landscape enabled the rise of mass incarceration. Religious ideas and practices also play a key role in shaping mass incarceration. These trends are the basis of the book, which focuses on the relationship between religion and mass incarceration. The book will be of interest to scholars of religion, politics, and criminal justice.


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If police are the problem, what’s the solution? Ten million of millions of people poured onto the streets for Black Lives Matter, bringing with them a wholly new idea of public safety, common sense, and the delivery of justice, communicating that in the face of pervasive and violent acts of state, and in the face of police abuses, mass mobilization can force political change. Compellingly argued and lyrically charged, A World Without Police offers concrete strategies for confronting and breaking police power, as a first step toward building community accountability and control over law enforcement. It is for anyone who has campaigned to limit police violence, as a call to arms for anyone who has experimented with modifying police at a mass scale in Latin America. Making the case that we cannot fail to deliver the safety and justice we seek, A World Without Police offers a compelling vision of a world where the violence and oppression of law enforcement are replaced by community accountability and control.

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